Snapshots - 2013

Total number of jails in the country: 1,391

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Central jails</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District jails</td>
<td>346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub jails</td>
<td>780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women jails</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total capacity of jails in the country: 3,478,599

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Capacity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Central jails</td>
<td>1,514,211 (43.5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District jails</td>
<td>1,269,099 (36.5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub jails</td>
<td>469,933  (13.5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women jails</td>
<td>48,278   (1.4%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total number of jail inmates as on 31.12.2013: 4,119,922

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Inmates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>3,938,04 (95.6%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>18,188 (4.4%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Occupancy rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>112.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>112.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>118.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Convicts: 1,29,608 (31.5% of total inmates)
- Male: 1,24,263 (95.9% of total convicts)
- Female: 5,345 (4.1% of total convicts)

Undertrials: 2,78,503 (67.6% of total inmates)
- Male: 2,65,815 (95.4% of total undertrials)
- Female: 12,688 (4.6% of total undertrials)

Detenues: 3,113 (0.8% of total inmates)
- Male: 3,015 (96.9% of total detenues)
- Female: 98 (3.1% of total detenues)

Others: 568 (0.2% of total inmates)
- Male: 711 (92.6% of total others)
- Female: 57 (7.4% of total others)

Foreigners

- Convicts: 2,353 (Male: 2,192, Female: 161)
- Undertrials: 4,353 (Male: 3,905, Female: 448)
- Detenues: 41 (Male: 40, Female: 1)

No Borstal School, Open Jail and Other Jail existed in any of the UTs at the end of 2013.

The highest number of 83,518 inmates (80,206 male: 3,312 female) were reported from Uttar Pradesh followed by Madhya Pradesh 34,708 (33,622 male: 1,086 female), Bihar 31,259 (30,159 male: 1,100 female), Punjab 27,449 (25,985 male: 1,464 female) and Maharashtra 27,400 (25,841 male: 1,559 female) at the end of the year 2013.

Chhattisgarh reported the highest overcrowding in prisons (261.0%) followed by Delhi (216.8%).

A total of 342 women convicts with their 407 children and 1,252 women undertrials with their 1,518 children were lodged in various prisons in the country at the end of 2013.

A total of 4,820 inmates having mental illness out of 4,119,922 inmates, accounting for 1.2% of total inmates, were lodged in various jails at the end of 2013.

Maximum number of 25,310 (24,347 male: 963 female) convicts were reported from Uttar Pradesh (19.5% of total convicts in the Country) followed by Madhya Pradesh 16,869 (16,353 male: 516 female) accounting for 13.0% of the total convicts in the country at the end of the year 2013.

Murder alone accounted for 60.0% (68,199 out of 1,13,678) of the total convicts under IPC Crimes. The highest percentage of murder convicts was reported from Uttar Pradesh (20.8%) followed by Madhya Pradesh (15.1%) of the total murder convicts at the end of the year 2013.
19.8% (1,621 out of 8,188) of convicts under rape cases were reported from Uttar Pradesh.

The highest percentage (26.5%) (60,110 out of 2,26,542) of undertrials under IPC crimes were charged with murder. Uttar Pradesh has reported 17.5% of such undertrials (10,537 out of 60,110) followed by Bihar 5,394 (9.0%).

A total of 6,636 convicts were habitual offenders/recidivists which accounted for 3.5% of total convicts admitted (1,91,144) during the year 2013.

**Period of detention**

Maximum number of undertrials (37.9%) was detained for up to 3 months at the end of 2013.

A total of 3,047 undertrials (1.1% of total undertrials) were detained in jails for more than 5 years at the end of the year 2013. Uttar Pradesh had the highest number of such undertrials (914) followed by Bihar (464).

A total of 382 convicts including 10 females lodged in different jails of the country were sentenced to capital punishment at the end of the year 2013.

A total of 70,636 convicts including 2,970 women accounting for 54.5% of total convicts in the country were undergoing sentences for life imprisonment at the end of the year 2013.

A total of 125 prisoners were awarded capital punishment and capital punishment of 115 inmates was commuted to life imprisonment during 2013.

One inmate was executed in the country (in Delhi) during the year 2013.

**Inmates released**

A total of 13,95,994 undertrials were released, out of which 65,486 undertrials were acquitted, 3,749 undertrials were transferred to other States and 19 were extradited during the year 2013.

A total of 1,86,816 convicts were released during the year 2013.

**Demographic particulars of inmates**

Out of 1,29,608 convicted inmates, majority of inmates are either illiterate (36,507) or educated upto class X (55,746).

The highest number of graduate (1,385) and post graduate (458) convicts were reported from Uttar Pradesh at the end of the year 2013.

Out of 1,29,608 convicted inmates 1,17,725 belong to the same State, 9,530 inmates belong to other States and 2,353 inmates belong to other countries.

Out of 2,78,503 undertrial inmates, 80,393 were illiterates, 1,17,373 were educated upto Class X, 56,806 having education of above Class X & below graduation, 16,233 were graduates and 5,056 were post graduates.

**Deaths in jails**

A total of 1,597 deaths were reported (1,482 natural and 115 un-natural) during the year 2013.

A total of 55 deaths of female inmates were reported during 2013, wherein 48 deaths were natural and 7 deaths were unnatural during the year 2013.
Number of convicts and undertrial prisoners in different age-groups

- At the end of 2013, 64,996 (50.1%) convicted prisoners were in the age group of 30 - 50 years, 41,572 (32.1%) convicts were in the age-group of 18 - 30 years and 23,013 (17.8%) convicts were 50 years or more. 27 convicted prisoner in the age group of 16-18 years were lodged in jails of the country (in Maharashtra).

- At the end of 2013, 3 undertrial prisoners were in the age group of 16-18 years, 1,30,371 (46.8%) in the age group of 18 - 30 years, 1,17,555 (42.2%) undertrials were in the age-group of 30 - 50 years and 30,574 (11.0%) undertrials were 50 years or more.

- Only 6 States have reported the lodging of civil prisoners. A total of 108 convicted and 66 undertrial civil prisoners were reported at the end of the year 2013.

Rate of change in number of convicts

- The number of convicted prisoners has increased by 1.4% in 2013 (1,29,608) over 2012 (1,27,789).

- Number of persons convicted under murder charges increased by 5.0% in 2013 (68,199) over 2012 (64,949).

- Number of persons convicted under attempt to murder increased by 4.9% in 2013 (7,010) over 2012 (6,680).

- Number of persons convicted under rape charges increased sharply by 16.8% in 2013 (8,188) over 2012 (7,009).

Training

- A total of 63,977 inmates were trained under various vocational training programmes in various jails during the year 2013.

- Like previous year, maximum number of training (10,084) was imparted in weaving followed by tailoring (6,090), carpentry (5,299) and agriculture (5,041) during 2013.

- The highest number of inmates trained in agriculture, carpentry, canning and tailoring were reported from Madhya Pradesh which stood at 1,773, 923, 117 and 1,239 inmates respectively.

Rate of change in number of undertrial prisoners

- The number of undertrial prisoners increased by 9.3% in 2013 (2,78,503) over 2012 (2,54,857).

- Number of undertrial prisoners under murder charges increased by 9.9% in 2013 (60,110) over 2012 (54,715).

- Number of undertrial prisoners under attempt to murder charge increased by 9.8% in 2013 (23,688) over 2012 (21,568).

Prison administration and Earning by prison inmates

- A total of 36,001 jails inspections were done in country in which 45.5% of jail inspections were done by medical officials. However, 9,816 judicial officials and 4,993 executive officials also inspected the prisons during 2013.
The highest gross earning by producing goods by inmates trained in various vocational programs was reported from Delhi (₹ 2,792.9 lakh) followed by Kerala (₹ 2,509.7 lakh), Bihar (₹ 1,423.1 lakh), Tamil Nadu (₹ 1,293.6 lakh), Maharashtra (₹ 1,248.1 lakh) and Uttar Pradesh (₹ 1,057.6 lakh) during the year 2013.

The highest earning per inmate was reported from Kerala (₹ 33,937.8) followed by Chandigarh (₹ 29,879.0) and Delhi (₹ 20,608.8) as compared to All-India average of ₹ 3,503.2 during the year 2013.

The highest annual expenditure per inmate was reported from Jammu & Kashmir (₹ 89,430.3) followed by Delhi (₹ 58,995.0) Uttarakhand (₹ 58,816.6), Nagaland (₹ 58,480.5) D&N Haveli (₹ 41,714.3), Sikkim (₹ 40,565.2) and Arunachal Pradesh (₹ 40,108.7) as against All-India average of ₹ 24,768.0 during the financial year 2013-14.

Inmate population and strength of jail officials

The prisons have a staff strength of 51,818 jail officials to take care of 4,11,992 inmates which amounts to 1 Jail Official per 8 inmates.

The highest number of inmates per prison staff was reported from Jharkhand (19) followed by Chhattisgarh (16), Bihar (14), Uttar Pradesh & Uttarakhand (12 each), Punjab (11) and Delhi (10).

Miscellaneous

A total of 417 inmates escaped from different prisons, wherein 103 inmates were reported escaped from inside prison during 2013.

A total of 5 incidences of jail break and 203 clashes/group clashes were reported during the year 2013 in which 3 inmates were killed and 292 inmates were injured in such clashes.

Total of 5,315 jail officials (1,139 Officers and 4,041 Staff) had attended various training programs during the year 2013.

A total of 1,911 convicts were provided with financial assistance on release 1,883 convicts were rehabilitated and 67,386 prisoners were provided legal aid during the year 2013.

The State of Himachal Pradesh, Kerala, Nagaland, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and UT of Chandigarh disposed off all the complaints (100.0% disposal) received through National Human Right Commission (NHRC) during 2013.

A total of 33,031 inmates were released on parole. However, 613 inmates observed as parole absconders out of which 245 parole absconders were re-arrested during 2013.

Amongst all the States/UTs, Puducherry has provided highest wages of ₹ 170, ₹ 160 and ₹ 150 per day to skilled convicts, semi-skilled convicts and unskilled convicts during 2013.