

Disclaimer

- The information given in this report has been obtained from States/UTs Police. All precautions have been taken to ensure that the data is statistically consistent. NCRB has only compiled and collated the data and presented it in the form of this report. As data is being furnished by States/UTs thus NCRB shall not be responsible for authenticity of this information. However, any discrepancy observed in this report may be brought to the notice of the Bureau.
- The Bureau is collecting statistical data of police recorded cognizable crimes through a set of 34 proformae from 36 States/UTs and 53 Mega Cities (i.e. total of 89 data supplying centres). The data pertain to the calendar year 2014.
- In this report, the calculated values of crime rate, percentage etc. are rounded up to only one decimal; hence an approximate value is used for analysis.
- However, in the present edition, in order to make the statistical analysis more meaningful, we have calculated 'Crime Rate' on the basis of population of that segment only. Since calculation of Crime Rate was essential for making State/UT wise comparison in incidents of crimes, the population used for calculation of crime rate for crime against women, scheduled castes, scheduled tribes, children, senior citizens are approximate value, as in absence of availability of such data a crude approach of population estimation based on population ratio of districts falling under Andhra Pradesh and Telengana as per the Population Census 2011 has been adopted. However, the Projected Population as on 1st July of respective year, furnished by Office of RGI, MHA has been used for State/UT. Hence the Bureau does not claim the precise accuracy of estimated population.
- The Bureau follows 'Principal Offence Rule' for counting of crime. Hence among many offences registered in a single case, only most heinous crime has been considered as counting unit, thereby representing one case.
- The Socio-economic causative factors or reasons of crimes are not being captured by the Bureau. Only police recorded criminal cases are being captured for this publication.
- In this edition, data have been collected under revised proformae wherein some new crime heads included and sections of some earlier crime heads have been changed.
- In order to avoid duplication of data collection, the Bureau has discontinued data collection for the erstwhile Chapter-17 on Police Infrastructure, as Bureau of Police Research and Development is already collecting and publishing the same information.
- Analysis for all the Chapters, except Chapter-4 & Chapter-12 wherein disposal details have also been given, has been done on the basis of First Information Report(FIR), as registered by police.
- In this edition, for the first time, the Bureau has collected, collated and published information on 'Offences Against the State', 'Environment Related Offences', 'Crimes Against Senior Citizens', 'Crimes Against Foreigners', 'Crimes Committed by Foreign Citizens' etc. Besides, some additional information on 'Cyber Crimes', 'Human Trafficking', 'Kidnapping & Abduction', 'Crimes Against Women/Children/SCs/STs' etc. have also been included.

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- Considering the cost and size of report, the Bureau has printed only limited tables. The incidents of crimes in cities have been put exclusively under Chapter 2. However, all the remaining tables will be made available on our website <http://ncrb.gov.in> under 'Additional Table for CII' link.
- In present edition, 'Crime against Women' include crime head viz. Rape, Assault on Women with Intent to Outrage her Modesty, Insult to the Modesty of Women, Importation of Girls from Foreign Country, Cruelty by Husband or His Relatives, Kidnapping & Abduction of Women, Abetment of Suicides of Women, Dowry Deaths, the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961, the Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986, the Commission of Sati Prevention Act 1987, the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 and the Immoral Traffic (P) Act. Whereas in previous edition, it included the cases of Rape, Assault on Women with Intent to Outrage her Modesty, Insult to the Modesty of Women, Importation of Girls from Foreign Country, Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives, Kidnapping & Abduction of Women, the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961, the Indecent Representation Of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986, the Commission of Sati Prevention Act 1987 and the Immoral Traffic (P) Act.
- Under the revised proformae, more elaborate classification of crime heads under 'Crimes against SCs & STs' has been made. In present edition, under 'Crimes against SCs & STs' crime heads have been categorised as 'IPC crimes reported along with the SC/ST(PoA) Act', 'IPC crimes without SC/ST(PoA) Act', 'The Protection of Civil Rights Act' 'The Employment of Manual Scavengers and Construction of Dry Latrines (Prohibition) Act' and 'Other SLL Crimes'.
- Cyber Crimes constitute the figures of the Information Technology Act (as per amendment of 2008) and related sections of IPC & SLL. In previous editions, Cyber Crimes include the figures of the IT Act and related sections of IPC only. Apart from this, detail data cases reported & persons arrested and their disposal by police and courts have also been collected and published in this edition.
- All editions of the publications have been made available on our website. Besides, the time series data, in open format, have also been made available on the website <http://data.gov.in> of Open Government Data (OGD) Platform India.
- Crime rate for crime against women, crime against children, crime against SCs/STs and crime against senior citizens have been calculated using population of female, children(up to 18 years), SCs/STs and persons (60 years & above).
- The complaints against police personnel (Table 16.1) include complaints related to family problems, general complaints etc.
- In some crime heads, figures of persons arrested/charge-sheeted/convicted/etc. may be less than the corresponding registered cases, as accused might not have been arrested, died etc.
- For some crime heads, cases/persons pending for investigation or trials brought forward in 2014 may not match with the previous year data (2013), due to change/modification of sections of that crime heads, as data have been collected under the revised proformae.